BODMAN LLP
Ralph E. McDowell (P39235) (Admitted Pro Hac Vice)

mcdowell@bodmanllp.com
6th Floor at Ford Field
1901 St. Antoine Street
Detroit, Michigan 48226
(313) 393-7592

Attorneys for Freudenberg-NOK General Partnership and Freudenberg-NOK, Inc.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
	/	
In re		Chapter 11
DELPHI CORPORATION, et al		Case No. 05-44481 (RDD)
Debtors.	/	(Jointly Administered)
	/	

AMENDED AND RESTATED OBJECTION OF FREUDENBERG-NOK GENERAL PARTNERSHIP AND FREUDENBERG-NOK, INC. TO DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ORDER PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) AND 502(c) ESTIMATING OR PROVISIONALLY ALLOWING CERTAIN UNRECONCILED CLAIMS SOLELY FOR PURPOSES OF ADMINISTRATION OF DISCOUNT RIGHTS OFFERING

Freudenberg-NOK General Partnership ("FNGP") and Freudenberg-NOK, Inc. ("FNOK", and collectively with FNGP, "Claimants") states the following in support of their amended and restated objection¹ to Debtors' Motion for Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) and 502(c) Estimating or Provisionally Allowing Certain Unreconciled Claims Solely for Purposes of Administration of Discount Rights Offering ("Rights Offering Estimation Motion"):

1. On October 8, 2005, Delphi and various affiliates and/or subsidiaries (collectively "Debtors") filed a petition for relief under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

Detroit_818709_1

¹ This objection amends and restates in its entirety Freudenberg-NOK's Objection to Debtors' Motion for Order

- 2. On July 27, 2006, FNOK filed the proof of claim #11602 ("FNOK Claim"). The FNOK Claim consisted of \$2,878.86 of a general unsecured claim and \$1,759.31 entitled to priority treatment as an administrative expense based on FNOK's reclamation demand.
- 3. On July 27, 2006, FNGP filed the proof of claim #11603 ("FNGP Claim", and collectively with the FNOK Claim, "Claims"). The FNGP Claim consisted of \$60,066.20 of a general unsecured claim, \$358,851.00 of a secured claim and \$80,742.02 entitled to priority treatment as an administrative expense based on FNGP's reclamation demand.
- 4. On July 17, 2007, Debtors filed the Nineteenth Omnibus Objection to the Claims. In the Nineteenth Omnibus Objection, Debtors seek to disallow the Claims.
- 5. On August 9, 2007, FNGP and FNOK each filed a response to the Nineteenth Omnibus Objection (collectively, "Responses") arguing that Debtors failed to provide any evidence for the proposed disallowance. The Responses have not yet been heard.
- 6. In the Rights Offering Estimation Motion, Debtors seek to estimate the Claims in the amount of \$0 for purposes of the Discount Rights Offering (as defined in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion).
- 7. The relief requested in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion is objectionable and should not be granted because it allows Debtors both to reduce, under the guise of mere estimation, the distribution that Claimants will receive on account of the Claims and to circumvent the Claims Objection Procedures that are already in place. More specifically, the

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) and 502(c) Estimating or Provisionally Allowing Certain Unreconciled Claims Solely for Purposes of Administration of Discount Rights Offering filed on January 9, 2007 at Docket #11805.

Rights Offering Estimation Motion should be denied because (a) §502(c) of the bankruptcy code does not allow for estimation of disputed claims; (b) it is an attempt to circumvent the Claims Objection Procedures already in place; (c) the Rights Offering Estimation Motion does not provide for any reserve in the event that the Claims are allowed in an amount greater than the Discounted Rights Participation Amounts (as defined in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion), i.e., zero; and (d) Debtors unfairly propose that Claimants pay Debtors if the Claims are allowed in an amount less than the Discounted Rights Participation Amounts at an undetermined "value".

(A) The Bankruptcy Code does not allow for Estimation of Disputed Claims

8. Section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code provides, in relevant part:

"[t]here shall be estimated for purposes of allowance under this section (1) any contingent or unliquidated claim, the fixing or liquidation of which, as the case may be, would unduly delay the administration of the case".

Section 502(c) allows courts to estimate only contingent and unliquidated claims, but not claims that are merely disputed. *In re Comdisco, Inc.*, 271 B.R. 273 (Bankr. N.D. Ill. 2002). *See also In re Keenan*, 201 B.R. 263 (Bankr. S.D. Cal. 1996).

9. The Claims, while disputed, are neither contingent nor unliquidated. Debtors have not asserted that the Claims are contingent and the mere fact that Debtors have contested the Claims do not make the Claims contingent. *Mazzeo v. United States (In re Mazzeo)*, 131 F3d 295, 303 (2nd Cir. 1997) (debts are not contingent merely because a debtor disputes a claim because definition of "Claim" in the bankruptcy code includes the word "contingent"). Also, Debtors have not asserted that the Claims are unliquidated because the Claims are, in fact, liquidated because they are subject to ready determination and precision in computation of the

amount due. *Mazzeo* 131 F3d at 304. Because the Claims are neither contingent nor unliquidated, Debtors should not be allowed to estimate them for purposes of the Discount Rights Offering.

(B) The Rights Offering Estimation Motion is an Attempt by Debtors to Circumvent the Claims Objection Procedures Already in Place

- 10. The Responses are proceeding under the procedures outlined in the Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 502(b) and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(m), 3007, 7016, 7026, 9006, 9007 and 9014 Establishing (I) Dates for Hearing Regarding Objections to Claims and (II) Certain Notices and Procedures Governing Objections to Claims (the "Claim Objection Procedures Order") [Docket No. 6089] crafted by Debtors. On November 30, 2007, Debtors noticed the Claims for hearing on January 31, 2007 under the Claim Objection Procedures Order. On January 2, 2008, Debtors, on their own initiative, adjourned the hearing date with respect to the Claims until February 7, 2008.
- 11. The procedures proposed in the Claims Estimation Motion conflict with those of the Debtors' Claim Objection Procedures Order. The Claims Estimation Motion is an improper attempt to circumvent the Responses and the Claim Objection Procedures Order. Claimants sent a letter on August 9, 2007 in an attempt to settle the Claims. In the almost four months between the time it sent the letter to Debtors and the time Debtors noticed the Claims for hearing, Claimants did not receive any response to this letter despite its repeated requests. Because Debtors noticed the Claims for hearing under the Claims Objection Procedures Order, Claimants were then required to comply with such procedures in essentially re-submitting the information it previously provided Debtors in order preserve its rights with respect to the Claims. Now, Debtors are requesting that the Court override the Debtors' own procedures under the Claims

05-44481-rdd Doc 11857 Filed 01/10/08 Entered 01/10/08 11:02:06 Main Document Pg 5 of 10

Objection Procedures Order by allowing the Debtors to reduce partially the Claims by means of estimation. Debtors should not be allowed to do this.

- 12. Further, though this Court has the discretion to establish procedures to estimate the value of contingent or unliquidated claims, for purposes of allowance when a full adjudication of such claims would unduly delay case administration, this Court should also evaluate whether the procedures meet general due process requirements. *See In re Adelphi Bus. Solutions, Inc.*, 341 BR 415 (Bankr SDNY 2003). Because the Rights Offering Estimation Motion would allow Debtors to reduce the Claims, not merely to estimate the Claims, the relief requested in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion violates Claimants' due process rights. Furthermore, any delay in the adjudication of the Claims rests solely with Debtors and claimants should not have the Claims reduced unjustly because of Debtors' dilatory administration of the Claims.
 - (C) The Rights Offering Estimation Motion does not provide for the possibility that the Claims might be allowed in an amount greater than the Discount Rights Offering Participation Amount and a Reserve
- Debtors' estimate of the Claims (zero) is too low. While Paragraph 17 of the Rights Offering Estimation Motion address the procedure for a given claimant to return Excess Discount Rights (as defined in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion) to Debtors in the event that Debtors estimate a given claim in an amount greater than the eventual allowed amount of such claim, Debtors do not provide any procedures for the converse possibility in which Debtors estimate is less than the eventual allowed amount of such claim. If the Claims are eventually allowed in an amount greater than the \$0 estimate provided in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion, Claimants will have no recourse under the proposed Rights Offering Estimation Order to regain

the Discount Rights it would have had if the Discount Rights Offering Participation Amount was equal to the allowed amount of the Claims. Debtors need to revise the proposed order so as to deal with this contingency and establish a reserve of Discount Rights.

- (D) The Rights Offering Estimation Motion does not provide for the possibility that the secured portion of the Claims might be reclassified as unsecured
- 14. The Rights Offering Estimation Motion also does not contemplate the possibility that the Claims, or a portion of them, may be reclassified as unsecured. Under the Plan, secured claims are not entitled to participate in the Discount Rights Offering. If Debtors agreed that the Claims were partially secured, there would be no issue. In fact, Debtors disagree that the Claims are partially secured. Debtors do not provide for the possibility that the Claims might be reclassified as unsecured. If the Claims were thus reclassified, Claimants would not be able to regain any Discount Rights they would otherwise have had. Debtors need to revise the proposed order so as to deal with this contingency or agree that the Claims are partially secured. The Debtor should not be able to, on one hand, object to the secured status of a claim, and then, on the other hand, estimate the resulting unsecured claim at zero.
 - (E) The Rights Offering Estimation Motion unfairly seeks payment from a claimant in the event a disputed claim is allowed in an amount less than the estimated amount
- 15. Paragraph 17 of the Rights Offering Estimation Motion provides that if the estimation of a claim results in a claimant receiving Excess Discount Rights (as defined in the Rights Offering Estimation Motion) than, in Debtors' discretion, either (a) Debtors will withhold an amount of New Common Stock equal to the value of the Excess Discount Rights from the ultimate distribution to such claimant or "(b) such claimant will be required to remit payment to the Reorganized Debtors in an amount equal to the value of the Excess Discount Rights."

Emphasis added. Claimants do not have any objection to the withholding of New Common Stock from the ultimate distribution on the Claims. However, Claimants object to the requirement that it be required to pay Debtors cash in exchange for the ability to purchase discounted shares of New Common Stock at a "value" not determined.

16. Any reply to this Objection should be addressed to the following:

Ralph E. McDowell Bodman LLP 6th Floor at Ford Field 1901 St. Antoine Street Detroit, Michigan 48226 (313) 393-7592 (313) 393-7579 (fax) rmcdowell@bodmanllp.com

17. Because the legal points and authorities upon which this objection relies are incorporated and do not represent novel theories of law, Claimants request that the requirement of the filing of a separate memorandum of law under Local Rule 9013-1(b) of the Local Bankruptcy Rules for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York be deemed satisfied

RELIEF REQUESTED

Claimants request that the Court deny the relief requested under the Rights Offering Estimation Motion as to the Claims.

05-44481-rdd Doc 11857 Filed 01/10/08 Entered 01/10/08 11:02:06 Main Document Pg 8 of 10

Dated: January 10, 2008 BODMAN LLP

By: /s/ Ralph E. McDowell
Ralph E. McDowell (P39235)
(Admitted Pro Hac Vice)
Attorneys for Freudenberg-NOK General
Partnership and Freudenberg-NOK, Inc.
6th Floor at Ford Field
1901 St. Antoine Street
Detroit, Michigan 48226
(313) 393-7592
rmcdowell@bodmanllp.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a true and correct copy of the foregoing *Objection of Freudenberg-NOK General Partnership and Freudenberg-NOK, Inc. to Debtors' Motion for Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) and 502(c) Estimating or Provisionally Allowing Certain Unreconciled Claims Solely for Purposes of Administration of Discount Rights Offering* was electronically filed using the Court's CM/ECF filing system, and that a true and correct copy of the same was served via Federal Express to the parties identified below:

Delphi Corp. 5725 Delphi Drive (Attn: General Counsel) Troy, Michigan 48098

Skadden Arps Slate Meagher & Flom LLP 333 West Wacker Drive Suite 2100 (Attn: John Wm. Butler, Jr.; John K. Lyons, Joseph N. Wharton) Chicago, Illinois 60606

Davis Polk & Wardwell 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attn: Donald Bernstein and Brian Resnick

Latham & Watkins LLP 885 Third Avenue New York, New York 10022 Attn: Robert Rosenberg and Mark A. Broude

Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP One New York Plaza New York, New York 10004 Attn: Bonnie Steingart

A-D Acquisition Holdings, LLC c/o Appaloosa Management L.P. White & Case LLP Wachovia Financial Center 200 South Biscayne Boulevard Suite 4900 Miami, Florida 33131 (Attn: Thomas E. Lauria)

White & Case LLP

05-44481-rdd Doc 11857 Filed 01/10/08 Entered 01/10/08 11:02:06 Main Document Pg 10 of 10

1155 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10036 (Attn: John M. Reiss and Gregory Pryor)

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10153 (Attn: Jeffery L. Tanenbaum, Michael P. Kessler, and Robert J. Lemons)

Office of the United States Trustee for the Southern District of New York 33 Whitehall Street Suite 2100
New York, New York 10004
(Attn: Alicia M. Leonhard)

and

Dated: January 10, 2008

The Honorable Robert D. Drain
United States Bankruptcy Judge
U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York
One Bowling Green
Room 610
New York, New York 10004

/s/ Ralph E. McDowell

Ralph E. McDowell